# CERTIFICATE

# (1) EU-Type Examination

- (2) Equipment or protective systems intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres Directive 2014/34/EU
- (3) EU-Type Examination Certificate Number: KEMA 10ATEX0053 X Issue Number: 3
- (4) Product: Universal Converter, Type 9116A1, Type 9116A2, Type 9116B1 and Type 9116B2
- (5) Manufacturer: **PRelectronics A/S**

POEKKA EKKA

- (6) Address: Lerbakken 10, 8410 Rønde, Denmark
- (7) This product and any acceptable variation thereto is specified in the schedule to this certificate and the documents therein referred to.
- (8) DEKRA Certification B.V., Notified Body number 0344 in accordance with Article 17 of Directive 2014/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council, dated 26 February 2014, certifies that this product has been found to comply with the Essential Health and Safety Requirements relating to the design and construction of products intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres given in Annex II to the Directive.

The examination and test results are recorded in confidential test report number NU/KEM/ExTR10.0020/02.

(9) Compliance with the Essential Health and Safety Requirements has been assured by compliance with:

EN 60079-0 : 2012 + A11 : 2013 // EN 60079-11 : 2012 ////// E

/EN/60079-15:2010

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except in respect of those requirements listed at item 18 of the Schedule

- (10) If the sign "X" is placed after the certificate number, it indicates that the product is subject to the Specific Conditions of Use specified in the schedule to this certificate.
- (11) This EU-Type Examination Certificate relates only to the design and construction of the specified product. Further requirements of the Directive apply to the manufacturing process and supply of this product. These are not covered by this certificate.
- (12) The marking of the product/shall/include the/following:



II (1) G [Ex ia Ga]/IIC/IIB/IIA II (1) D [Ex ia Da]/IIIC I (M1) [Ex ia Ma] I II 3 G Ex nA nC/IIC T4 Gc (type/9116B...) (type/9116B...) (type/9116B...) (type/9116A.../and/type/9116B...)

Date of certification: 13 July 2016

DEKRA Certification B.V.

R. Schuller Certification Manager



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## (13) **SCHEDULE**

#### (14) to EU-Type Examination Certificate KEMA 10ATEX0053 X

Issue No. 3

#### (15) **Description**

Universal Converter, Type 9116A1, Type 9116A2, Type 9116B1 and Type 9116B2, for rail mounting are 24 V powered isolating barriers, interfacing temperature sensors and loop supplied transmitters located in an explosive atmosphere.

The output to safe area is a 0/4 ... 20 mA signal together with a normally open relay contact.

The Universal Converter is supplied via terminals at the front of the module, or via Power Rail Type 9400. Removable display module 4501 can be used for programming of the Converter.

Ambient temperature range -20 °C to +60 °C.

#### **Electrical data**

Supply (terminals 31, 32 and rear contacts): U = 19,2 ... 31,2 Vdc.

Outputs (terminals 11, 12): I = 0/4 ... 20 mA.

Relay output (terminals 13, 14):  $U \le 32$  Vac or 30 Vdc,  $I \le 2$  Aac or  $I \le 2$  Adc respectively. If the Universal Converter is installed outside the hazardous area, the following data for the Relay output apply:  $U \le 30$  Vdc or 250 Vac,  $I \le 2$  Adc or  $I \le 2$  Aac respectively.

Status-Relay output (terminals 33, 34): U  $\leq$  32 Vac or 32 Vdc, I  $\leq$  0.5 Aac or I  $\leq$  1 Adc respectively.

If the Universal Converter is installed outside the hazardous area, the following data for the relay contacts apply:  $U \le 110$  Vdc or 125 Vac,  $I \le 0.3$  Adc or  $I \le 0.5$  Aac respectively.

For all circuits above:  $U_m = 253$  Vac (max. frequency 400 Hz).

Sensor circuit (terminals 41 ... 44): in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC/IIB/IIA/IIIC/I, with following maximum values:  $U_o = 8,3 \text{ V}$ ;  $I_o = 13,1 \text{ mA}$ ;  $P_o = 27,3 \text{ mW}$ ;  $C_o = 7 \mu\text{F}$  (IIC) or 73  $\mu\text{F}$  (IIB) or 1000  $\mu\text{F}$  (IIA);  $L_o = 207 \text{ mH}$  (IIC) or 828 mH (IIB) or 1000 mH (IIA);  $L_o/R_o = 1 \text{ mH}/\Omega$  (IIC), 5 mH/ $\Omega$  (IIB) or 10 mH/ $\Omega$  (IIA);

Loop supply circuit (terminals 51-54, 52-54): in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC/IIB/IIA/IIIC/I, with following maximum values:  $I_o = 93 \text{ mA}$ ;  $P_o = 650 \text{ mW}$ ;  $L_o = 4 \text{ mH}$  (IIC) or 16 mH (IIB) or 32 mH (IIA);  $L_o/R_o = 54 \mu$ H/ $\Omega$  (IIC), 218  $\mu$ H/ $\Omega$  (IIB) or 436  $\mu$ H/ $\Omega$  (IIA); For Universal Converter, Type 9116B1:  $U_o = 28 \text{ V}$ ;  $C_o = 80 \text{ nF}$  (IIC) or 640 nF (IIB) or 2,1  $\mu$ F (IIA); For Universal Converter, Type 9116B2:  $U_o = 21,4 \text{ V}$ ;  $C_o = 0,16 \mu$ F (IIC) or 1,13  $\mu$ F (IIB) or 4,15  $\mu$ F (IIA).

Loop input circuit (terminals 51-53): in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC/IIB/IIA/IIIC/I, with following maximum values:  $U_i = 30 \text{ V}$ ;  $I_i = 120 \text{ mA}$ ;  $P_i = 900 \text{ mW}$ ;  $C_i = 3 \text{ nF}$ ;  $L_i = 1 \mu\text{H}$ ;  $I_o = 1,1 \text{ mA}$ ;  $P_o = 8 \text{ mW}$ ;  $L_o = 1000 \text{ mH}$  (all groups);  $L_o/R_o = 4 \text{ mH}/\Omega$  (IIC), 17 mH/ $\Omega$  (IIB) or 35 mH/ $\Omega$  (IIA); For Universal Converter, Type 9116B1:  $U_o = 28 \text{ V}$ ;  $C_o = 80 \text{ nF}$  (IIC) or 640 nF (IIB) or 2,1  $\mu$ F (IIA); For Universal Converter, Type 9116B2:  $U_o = 21,4 \text{ V}$ ;  $C_o = 0,16 \mu$ F (IIC) or 1,13  $\mu$ F (IIB) or 4,15  $\mu$ F (IIA);

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Loop input supply circuit (terminals 51-52): in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC/IIB/IIA/IIIC/I, with following maximum values:  $U_i = 30 \text{ V}$ ;  $I_i = 120 \text{ mA}$ ;  $P_i = 900 \text{ mW}$ ;  $C_i = 3 \text{ nF}$ ;  $L_i = 1 \mu\text{H}$ ;  $U_o = 8,3 \text{ V}$ ;  $I_o = 0,2 \text{ mA}$ ;  $P_o = 0,4 \text{ mW}$ ;  $C_o = 7 \mu\text{F}$  (IIC) or 73  $\mu\text{F}$  (IIB) or 1000  $\mu\text{F}$  (IIA);  $L_o = 1000 \text{ mH}$  (all groups);  $L_o/R_o = 100 \text{ mH}/\Omega$  (IIC), 400 mH/ $\Omega$  (IIB) or 800 mH/ $\Omega$  (IIA).

Combination of the loop supply circuit (terminals 52-54) of one Universal Converter with the loop input circuit (terminals 51-52) of a second Universal Converter (where terminal 52 of the first Universal Converter is connected with terminal 51 of the second Universal converter): in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC/IIB/IIA/IIIC/I, with following maximum values:  $U_i = 30 \text{ V}$ ;  $I_i = 120 \text{ mA}$ ;  $P_i = 900 \text{ mW}$ ;  $C_i = 3 \text{ nF}$ ;  $L_i = 2 \mu\text{H}$ ;  $I_o = 93 \text{ mA}$ ;  $P_o = 650 \text{ mW}$ ;  $L_o = 4 \text{ mH}$  (IIC) or 16 mH (IIB) or 32 mH (IIA);  $L_o/R_o = 54 \mu\text{H}/\Omega$  (IIC), 218  $\mu\text{H}/\Omega$  (IIB) or 436  $\mu\text{H}/\Omega$  (IIA); For Universal Converter, Type 9116B1:  $U_o = 28 \text{ V}$ ;  $C_o = 80 \text{ nF}$  (IIC) or 640 nF (IIB) or 2,1  $\mu\text{F}$  (IIA); For Universal Converter, Type 9116B2:  $U_o = 21,4 \text{ V}$ ;  $C_o = 0,16 \mu\text{F}$  (IIC) or 1,13  $\mu\text{F}$  (IIB) or 4,15  $\mu\text{F}$  (IIA).

Combination of the loop input circuit (terminals 51-52) of one Universal Converter in series with the loop input circuit (terminals 51-52) of a second Universal Converter: in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC/IIB/IIA/IIIC/I, with following maximum values:  $U_i = 30 \text{ V}$ ;  $I_i = 120 \text{ mA}$ ;  $P_i = 900 \text{ mW}$ ;  $C_i = 6 \text{ nF}$ ;  $L_i = 2 \mu\text{H}$ ;  $U_o = 16.6 \text{ V}$ ;  $I_o = 0.2 \text{ mA}$ ;  $P_o = 0.8 \text{ mW}$ ;  $C_o = 0.4 \mu\text{F}$  (IIC) or 2.3  $\mu\text{F}$  (IIB) or 9.5  $\mu\text{F}$  (IIA);  $L_o = 1000 \text{ mH}$  (all groups);  $L_o/R_o = 25 \text{ mH}/\Omega$  (IIC), 100 mH/ $\Omega$  (IIB) or 200 mH/ $\Omega$  (IIA);

For Ex ia IIIC, the parameters of group IIB apply; For Ex ia I, the parameters of group IIA apply.

#### Installation instructions

The instructions provided with the product shall be followed in detail to assure safe operation.

#### (16) **Report Number**

No. NL/KEM/ExTR10.0020/02.



### (13) **SCHEDULE**

#### (14) to EU-Type Examination Certificate KEMA 10ATEX0053 X

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#### (17) **Specific conditions of use**

The Universal Converter shall be installed in a controlled environment with suitably reduced pollution, limited to pollution degree 2 or better.

The non-intrinsically safe circuits may only be connected to an overvoltage category I or II power source, as defined in EN 60664-1.

If the Universal Converter is installed in an explosive atmosphere where the use of apparatus of equipment category 3 G is required, the following pecific conditions of use additionally apply:

The Universal Converter shall be installed in an enclosure in type of protection Ex n or Ex e, providing a degree of protection of at least IP54. Cable entry devices and blanking elements shall fulfill the same requirements.

Removable Display Module 4501, when connected to the Universal Converter, may not be damaged and shall be free of dust and moisture.

#### (18) Essential Health and Safety Requirements

Covered by the standards listed at item (9).

#### (19) **Test documentation**

As listed in Report No. NL/KEM/ExTR10.0020/02.

#### (20) Certificate history

	213252900: 215407200:	initial certificate. application of annex F of the IEC60079-11: 2011. As a result, the fuse does not need to be encapsulated in a plastic box anymore, and therefore the PCB-layout changed;
		assessment for mines susceptible to firedamp;
Issue 3 -	219204500:	upgrade to the IEC60079-0: 2011 and IEC60079-11: 2011. update to IEC60079-15: 2010; remove IEC60079-26; addition of Ex nA version '9202A*'.